## ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS

## A. Word Usage

Words used in the present tense include the future; the singular number includes the plural, and the masculine shall include the feminine. The term "shall" is mandatory; the term "may" is permissive.

## B. Definitions

Unless otherwise expressly stated, the following terms shall, for the pusposes of this law, have the meanings herein indicated:

AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING MATERIALS (herein referred to as "ASTM" or Federal specifications referred to in this chapter) - The latest published amendments or revisions applicable at any time.

<u>APPROVAL AUTHORITY</u> - The Commissioner of the Department of Environmental Conservation of the State of New York.

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF INDUSTRIAL USER - An authorized representative of an Industrial User may be: (1) A principal executive officer of at least the level of vice-president, if the Industrial User is a corporation; (2) A general partner or proprietor if the Industrial User is a partnership or proprietorship, respectively; (3) A duly authorized representative of the individual designated above if such representative is responsible for the overall operation of the facilities from which the indirect discharge originates.

BOD (denoting "biochemical oxygen demand") - The quantity of oxygen utilized in the biochemical oxidation of organic or other unstable matter under standard laboratory procedure in five (5) days at twenty degrees centigrade (20° C.), expressed in parts per million by weight.

BUILDING DRAIN - That part of the lowest horizontal piping of a building drainage system which receives the discharge from soil, waste and other drainage pipes inside the walls of any building and conveys such discharge to the building sewers, beginning three (3) feet outside the outer face of the building wall.

BUILDING SEWER - That part of the horizontal piping of a drainage system which extends from the end of the building drain and which receives the discharge of the building drain and conveys it to a public sewer, private sewer, individual sewage disposal system or other point of disposal. It may be a gravity or a pressure line.

COMMERCIAL USER - All retail stores, restaurants, office buildings, laundries and other private business and service establishments. Their sewage discharges shall be domestic in nature only, and where no industrial operations occur on site.

COOLING WATER - The water discharged from any use such as air conditioning, cooling or refrigeration, or to which the only pollutant added is heat.

CONTROL AUTHORITY - The term "control authority" shall hereafter refer to the "Approval Authority," defined hereinabove; or the superintendent.

<u>CROSS-CONNECTION</u> - Any physical connection or arrangement between two (2) otherwise separate piping systems, one of which contains potable water and the other water of unknown or questionable safety, whereby water may flow from one system to the other, the direction of the flow depending on the pressure differential between the two (2) systems.

<u>DIRECT DISCHARGE</u> - The discharge of treated or untreated wastewater directly to the waters of the State of New York.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY, OR EPA - The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, or, where appropriate, the term may also be used as a designation for the Administrator or other duly authorized official of said agency.

FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT (sometimes herein referred to as the "Act") - The United States Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended in 1977 or thereafter.

GARBAGE - Solid wastes from the preparation, cooking and dispensing of food and from the handling, storage and sale of produce.

GRAB SAMPLE - A sample which is taken from a waste stream on a one-time basis with no regard to the flow in the waste stream and without consideration of time.

GRINDER PUMP - A portion of a pressure building sewer which grinds and pumps the building waste into the community sewer.

HOLDING TANK WASTE - Any waste from holding tanks such as vessels, chemical toilets, campers, trailers, septic tanks and vacuum-pump tank trucks.

INDIRECT DISCHARGE - A source of Indirect Discharge which does not constitute a "discharge of pollutants" under regulations issued pursuant to Section 402 of the Act (33 U.S.C. 1342).

INDUSTRIAL USER - The discharge or the introduction of non-domestic pollutants from any source regulated under Section 307(b) or (c) of the Act, (33 U.S.C. 1317) into the POTW (including holding tank waste discharged into the system).

INDUSTRIAL WASTES - The liquid wastes resulting from the processes employed in industrial establishments and which are free of fecal matter.

INSPECTOR - Any person or persons appointed and duly authorized by the Village Board to inspect and approve the installation of building sewers and their connection to the public sewer system.

INTERFERENCE - The inhibition or disruption of the POTW treatment processes or operations which contributes to a violation of any requirement of the Village of Victory's SPDES Permit. The term includes prevention of sewage sludge disposal by the POTW in accordance with

Section 405 of the Act, (33 U.S.C. 1345) or any criteria, guidelines or regulations developed pursuant to the Solid Waste Disposal Act (SWDA), the Clean Air Act, the Toxic Substances Control Act, or more stringent State criteria (including those contained in any State sludge management plan prepared pursuant to Title IV of SWDA) applicable to the method of disposal or use employed by the POTW.

NATIONAL CATEGORICAL PRETREATMENT STANDARDS OR PRETREATMENT STANDARD - Any regulation containing pollutant discharge limits promulgated by the EPA in accordance with Section 307 (b) and (c) of the Act (33 U.S.C. 1347) which applies to a specific category of Industrial Users.

NATIONAL PROHIBITIVE DISCHARGE STANDARDS OR PROHIBITIVE DISCHARGE

STANDARD - Any regulation developed under the authority of Section 307

(b) of the Act and 40 CFR, Section 403.5.

NATURAL OUTLET - Any outlet into a watercourse, pond, ditch, lake or other body of surface or groundwater.

NEW SOURCE - Any source, the construction of which is commenced after the publication of proposed regulations prescribing a Section 307 (c) (33 U.S.C. 1317) Categorical Pretreatment Standard which will be applicable to such source, if such standard is thereafter promulgated within 120 days of proposal in the <u>Federal Register</u>. Where the standard is promulgated later than 120 days after proposal, a new source means any source, the construction of which is commenced after the date of promulgation of the standard.

<u>PERSON</u> - Any individual, firm, company, association, society, corporation or group.

pH - The measure of the acidity or alkalinity of a waste.

<u>POLLUTION</u> - The man-made or man-induced alteration of the chemical, physical, biological and radiological integrity of water.

POLLUTANT - Any dredged spoil, solid waste, incinerator residue, sewage, garbage, sewage sludge, munitions, chemical wastes, biological materials, radioactive materials, heat wrecked or discharged equipment, rock, sand, cellar dirt and industrial, municipal and agricultural waste discharged into water.

PRETREATMENT OR TREATMENT - The reduction of the amount of pollutants, the elimination of pollutants, or the alteration of the nature of pollutant properties in wastewater to a less harmful state prior to or in lieu of discharging or otherwise introducing such pollutants into a POTW. The reduction or alteration can be obtained by physical, chemical or biological processes, or process changes or other means, except as prohibited by 40 CFR, Section 403.6.

PRETREATMENT REQUIREMENTS - Any substantive or procedural requirement related to pretreatment, other than a National Pretreatment Standard imposed on an Industrial User.

PRIVATE SEWER - A sewer privately owned and not directly controlled by public authority.

PROPERLY SHREDDED GARBAGE - The wastes from the preparation, cooking and dispensing of food that have been shredded to such degree that all particles will be carried freely under the flow conditions normally prevailing in the public sewers, with no particle greater than one-half (1/2) inch in any dimension.

PUBLICLY OWNED TREATMENT WORKS (POTW) - A treatment works as defined by Section 212 of the Act, (33 U.S.C. 1292) which is owned by the Village of Victory. This definition includes any sewers that convey wastewater to the POTW treatment plant, but does not include pipes, sewers or other conveyances not connected to a facility providing treatment.

POTW TREATMENT PLANT - That portion of the POTW designed to provide treatment to wastewater.

PUBLIC SEWER - A common sewer directly controlled by public authority.

REGIONAL ADMINISTRATOR - The Regional Administrator, Region No. 2, United States Environmental Protection Agency, as empowered by the Federal Water Pollution Control Act or other Federal statute.

<u>RESIDENTIAL USER</u> - Any contributor to the Village's collection system whose lot, parcel or real estate, or building is used for domestic dwelling purposes only.

SANITARY SEWER - A pipe which carries sewage and excludes storm, surface and ground water.

<u>SEWAGE</u> - Any liquid waste containing animal, human or vegetable matter in suspension or solution, and may include liquids containing chemicals in solution.

<u>SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT</u> - Any arrangement of devices and structures used for treating sewage.

SEWAGE WORKS SYSTEMS - All facilities for collecting, pumping, treating and disposing of sanitary sewage.

SEWER - A pipe or conduit for carrying sewage.

SIGNIFICANT INDUSTRIAL USER - Any user who (1) has a discharge flow of 25,000 gallons or more per average work day, or (2) has a flow greater than 5% of the flow in the Village's wastewater system, or (3) has in his wastes toxic pollutants as defined pursuant to Section 307 of the Act, or (4) has been identified as one of the 21 industrial categories pursuant to Section 307 of the Act, or (5) is found by the Village to have significant impact, either singly or in combination with other contributing industries, on the treatment or collection system.

<u>SLOPE</u> - The grade or pitch of a line of pipe in reference to a horizontal plane. In drainage it is usually expressed as the fall in a fraction of an inch per foot length of pipe.

STANDARD INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION (SIC) - A classification pursuant to the Standard Industrial Classification Manual issued by the Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, 1972.

STATE POLLUTION DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM OR SPDES PERMIT - A permit issued pursuant to Section 402 of the Act (33 U.S.C. 1342).

STORM SEWER OR STORM DRAIN - A sewer used for conveying rainwater, surface water, condensate, cooling water or similar liquid wastes, exclusive of sewage and industrial waste.

<u>SUPERINTENDENT</u> - The Superintendent of the sewage works systems in the Village of Victory as appointed by the Village Board.

SUSPENDED SOLIDS - Solids that either float on the surface of or are in suspension in water, sewage or other liquids and which are removable by laboratory filtering.

TOXIC POLLUTANT - Any pollutant or combination of pollutants listed as toxic in regulations promulgated by the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency under the provision of CWA 307 (a) or other Acts.

 $\overline{\text{USER}}$  - Any person who contributes, causes or permits the contribution of wastewater into the Village sewage works system.

VILLAGE - The Village of Victory.

<u>WASTEWATER</u> - The liquid and water-carried industrial or domestic wastes from dwellings, commercial buildings, industrial facilities and institutions, together with other matter which may be present, whether treated or untreated, which is contributed into or permitted to enter the POTW.

<u>WATERCOURSE</u> - A channel in which a flow of water occurs, either continuously or intermittently.

WATERS OF THE STATE - All streams, lakes, ponds, marshes, watercourses, waterways, wells, springs, reservoirs, aquifers, irrigation systems, drainage systems and all other bodies or accumulations of water, surface or underground, natural or artificial, public or private, which are contained within, flow through, or border upon the State or any portion thereof.

WASTEWATER CONTRIBUTION PERMIT (Industrial) - As set forth in Article V, Section H of this ordinance.

## Abbreviations

The following abbreviations shall have the designated meanings:

Biochemical Oxygen Demand BOD Code of Federal Regulations CFR Chemical Oxygen Demand COD Environmental Protection Agency EPA 1 Liter Milligrams mg Milligrams per liter mg/l Publicly Owned Treatment Works POTW Standard Industrial Classification SIC State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System SPDES

SWDA Solid Waste Disposal Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, et. seq. USC United States Code

USC United States Code
TSS Total Suspended Solids

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

NYSDOH New York State Department of Health